

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2020/878



PUR PRO

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : PUR PRO
Registration number REACH : Not applicable (mixture)
Product type REACH : Mixture

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

polyurethane

1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against known

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier of the safety data sheet

TEC7*
Industrielaan 5B
B-2250 Olen
☎ +32 14 85 97 37
✉ +32 14 85 97 38
info@tec7.be
*TEC7 is a registered trademark of Novatech International N.V.

Manufacturer of the product

Novatech International N.V.
Industrielaan 5B
B-2250 Olen
☎ +32 14 85 97 37
✉ +32 14 85 97 38
info@novatech.be

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch) :
+32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Aerosol	category 1	H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	category 1	H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Carc.	category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Resp. Sens.	category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens.	category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Acute Tox.	category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
STOT RE	category 2	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	category 3	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

2.2. Label elements



Contains: polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate.

Signal word Danger

H-statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

PUR PRO

H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

P-statements

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P405	Store locked up.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122°F.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

Supplemental information

- Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product.
 - Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product.
 - This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.
- As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

2.3. Other hazards

Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name REACH Registration No	CAS No EC No List No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark	M-factors and ATE
isobutane 01-2119485395-27	75-28-5 200-857-2	C>1%	Flam. Gas 1A; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280	(1)(2)(10)(21)	Propellant	
propane 01-2119486944-21	74-98-6 200-827-9	C>1%	Flam. Gas 1A; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280	(1)(2)(10)	Propellant	
dimethyl ether 01-2119472128-37	115-10-6 204-065-8	C>1%	Flam. Gas 1A; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280	(1)(2)(10)	Propellant	
reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2- chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1- methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester 01-2119486772-26	911-815-4	10% <C<20%	Acute Tox. 4; H302	(1)(10)	Component	
polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	9016-87-9	25% <C<50%	Carc. 2; H351 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT RE 2; H373 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Resp. Sens. 1; H334: C≥0.1%, (analogous to Annex VI) Skin Irrit. 2; H315: C≥5%, (analogous to Annex VI) Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C≥5%, (analogous to Annex VI) STOT SE 3; H335: C≥5%, (analogous to Annex VI)	(1)(2)(10)(18) (V)	Component	

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2 / 17

PUR PRO

- (1) For H- and EUH-statements in full: see section 16
(2) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit
(10) Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006
(18) Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate, contains > 0.1% MDI-isomers
(21) 1,3-butadiene <0.1%
(V) Exempted from registration under REACH (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, article 2 (9), polymers)
Note: numbers 9xx-xxx-x are provisional list numbers assigned by Echa pending an official EC inventory number

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General:

Observe (own) safety. If possible, approach victim and check vital functions. In case of injury and/or intoxication, call the European emergency number 112. Treat symptoms starting with most life-threatening injuries and disorders. Keep victim under observation, possibility of delayed symptoms.

After inhalation:

Remove victim into fresh air. In case of respiratory problems, consult a doctor/medical service.

After skin contact:

If possible, wipe up/dry remove chemical. Then rinse/shower immediately with (lukewarm) water. If irritation persists, consult a doctor/medical service.

After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, consult a doctor/medical service.

After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. If you feel unwell, consult a doctor/medical service. Do not wait for symptoms to occur to consult Poison Center.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2.1 Acute symptoms

After inhalation:

Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Runny nose. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Risk of lung oedema. Respiratory difficulties.

After skin contact:

Tingling/irritation of the skin.

After eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue. Lacrimation.

After ingestion:

Not applicable.

4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

No effects known.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher.

Major fire: Adapt extinguishing media to the environment for surrounding fires.

5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher, Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam.

Major fire: Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (phosphorus oxides, nitrous vapours, hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide). Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May polymerize on exposure to temperature rise. On heating: release of toxic/combustible gases/vapours (hydrogen cyanide).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

5.3.1 Instructions:

If exposed to fire cool the closed containers by spraying with water. Physical explosion risk: extinguish/cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistent risk of physical explosion. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water.

5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves (EN 374). Protective goggles (EN 166). Head/neck protection. Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Heat/fire exposure: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137).

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment.

6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See section 8.2

6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves (EN 374). Protective goggles (EN 166). Head/neck protection. Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034).

Suitable protective clothing

See section 8.2

6.2. Environmental precautions

Dam up the solid spill. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Allow product to solidify and remove it by mechanical means. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean (treat) contaminated surfaces with acetone. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks.

Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Remove contaminated clothing immediately.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Storage temperature: < 50 °C. Store in a cool area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Fireproof storeroom.

Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Meet the legal requirements. Max. storage time: 1 year(s).

7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, ignition sources, (strong) acids, (strong) bases, amines.

7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

Aerosol.

7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

No data available

7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational exposure

a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

EU

Dimethylether	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	1920 mg/m ³

Belgium

4,4'-Diisocyanate de diphénylméthane (MDI)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.005 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	0.052 mg/m ³
Butane, tous isomères: iso-butane	Short time value	980 ppm
	Short time value	2370 mg/m ³
Hydrocarbures aliphatiques sous forme gazeuse: (Alcanes C1-C3)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1000 ppm
Oxyde de diméthyle	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1920 mg/m ³

The Netherlands

Dimethylether	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	496 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	950 mg/m ³

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4 / 17

PUR PRO

Dimethylether	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	783 ppm
	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	1500 mg/m ³

France

4,4'-Diisocyanate de diphénylméthane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.01 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.1 mg/m ³
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.02 ppm
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	0.2 mg/m ³
Oxyde de diméthyle	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRI: Valeur réglementaire indicative)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRI: Valeur réglementaire indicative)	1920 mg/m ³

Germany

4,4'-Methyldiphenyldiisocyanat	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.05 mg/m ³
Dimethylether	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1900 mg/m ³
Isobutan	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	2400 mg/m ³
pMDI (als MDI berechnet)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	0.05 mg/m ³
Propan	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	1800 mg/m ³

Austria

Butan (beide Isomeren): n-Butan (R 600) Isobutan (R 600a)	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	800 ppm
	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	1900 mg/m ³
	Kurzzeitwert 60(Mow) 3x (MAK)	1600 ppm
	Kurzzeitwert 60(Mow) 3x (MAK)	3800 mg/m ³
Dimethylether	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	1000 ppm
	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	1910 mg/m ³
	Kurzzeitwert 60(Mow) 3x (MAK)	2000 ppm
	Kurzzeitwert 60(Mow) 3x (MAK)	3820 mg/m ³
Propan (R 290)	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	1000 ppm
	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	1800 mg/m ³
	Kurzzeitwert 60(Mow) 3x (MAK)	2000 ppm
	Kurzzeitwert 60(Mow) 3x (MAK)	3600 mg/m ³

UK

Dimethyl ether	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	400 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	766 mg/m ³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	500 ppm
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	958 mg/m ³
Isocyanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocyanate	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.02 mg/m ³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	0.07 mg/m ³

USA (TLV-ACGIH)

Butane, isomers	Short time value (TLV - Adopted Value)	1000 ppm
Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	0.005 ppm

b) National biological limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

8.1.2 Sampling methods

Product name	Test	Number
Isocyanates	NIOSH	5521
Isocyanates	NIOSH	5522

8.1.3 Applicable limit values when using the substance or mixture as intended

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

8.1.4 Threshold values

DNEL/DMEL - Workers

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reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	8.2 mg/m ³	
	Acute systemic effects inhalation	22.6 mg/m ³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	2.91 mg/kg bw/day	

DNEL/DMEL - General population

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	1.45 mg/m ³	
	Acute systemic effects inhalation	5.6 mg/m ³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	1.04 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.52 mg/kg bw/day	
	Acute systemic effects oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	

PNEC

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.32 mg/l	
Aqua (intermittent releases)	0.51 mg/l	
Marine water	0.032 mg/l	
STP	19.1 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	11.5 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	1.15 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	0.34 mg/kg soil dw	
Oral	11.6 mg/kg food	

8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Measure the concentration in the air regularly.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

a) Respiratory protection:

Full face mask with filter type A at conc. in air > exposure limit.

b) Hand protection:

Protective gloves against chemicals (EN 374).

Materials	Measured breakthrough time	Thickness	Protection index	Remark
LDPE (Low Density Poly Ethylene)	> 10 minutes	0.025 mm	Class 1	

c) Eye protection:

Protective goggles (EN 166).

d) Skin protection:

Head/neck protection. Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034).

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See sections 6.2, 6.3 and 13

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form	Aerosol
Odour	Characteristic odour
Odour threshold	No data available in the literature
Colour	Variable in colour, depending on the composition
Particle size	No data available in the literature
Explosion limits	No data available in the literature
Flammability	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Log Kow	Not applicable (mixture)
Dynamic viscosity	No data available in the literature
Kinematic viscosity	No data available in the literature
Melting point	No data available in the literature
Boiling point	No data available in the literature
Relative vapour density	> 1

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6 / 17

PUR PRO

Vapour pressure	In the pressurized container the vapour pressure exceeds 500 kPa. After foam release, the vapour pressure is very low (not declared)
Solubility	Water ; insoluble Organic solvents ; soluble
Relative density	1.17 ; 20 °C
Absolute density	1170 kg/m ³ ; 20 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available in the literature
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available in the literature
Flash point	Not applicable (aerosol)
pH	No data available in the literature

9.2. Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard. No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May polymerize with many compounds e.g.: (strong) bases and amines. Reacts violently with (some) acids/bases.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Precautionary measures

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

(strong) acids, (strong) bases, amines.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On heating: release of toxic/combustible gases/vapours (hydrogen cyanide). On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (phosphorus oxides, nitrous vapours, hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

11.1.1 Test results

Acute toxicity

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No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	EU Method B.1	632 mg/kg bw		Rat (female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50	OECD 403	> 7 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50		> 10000 mg/kg		Rat	Literature study	
Dermal	LD50		> 5000 mg/kg		Rabbit	Literature study	
Inhalation (vapours)	LC50		11 mg/l	4 h		Literature study	

Conclusion

Harmful if inhaled.

Not classified as acute toxic in contact with skin

Not classified as acute toxic if swallowed

Corrosion/irritation

PUR PRO

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

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7 / 17

PUR PRO

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irritating	OECD 405	24 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irritating	OECD 404	4 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Irritating; category 2					Literature study	
Skin	Irritating; category 2					Literature study	
Inhalation	Irritating; STOT SE cat.3					Literature study	

Conclusion

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

PUR PRO

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	OECD 429			Mouse (female)	Experimental value	

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Sensitizing; category 1					Literature study	
Inhalation	Sensitizing; category 1					Literature study	

Conclusion

May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity

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No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (diet)	NOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	171 mg/kg bw/day		No effect	13 weeks (daily)	Rat (female)	Experimental value
Oral (diet)	LOAEL	Subchronic toxicity test	52 mg/kg bw/day	Liver	Weight gain	13 weeks (daily)	Rat (male)	Experimental value
Inhalation	Dose level		0.586 mg/l air		No effect		Mouse (male)	Experimental value

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Inhalation			STOT RE cat.2					Literature study

Conclusion

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Mutagenicity (in vitro)

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No (test)data on the mixture available
Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

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8 / 17

PUR PRO

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 482	Rat liver cells		Experimental value	
Negative without metabolic activation, positive with metabolic activation	OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)		Experimental value	

Mutagenicity (in vivo)

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No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	OECD 474		Mouse (male / female)	Bone marrow	Experimental value

Conclusion

Not classified for mutagenic or genotoxic toxicity

Carcinogenicity

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No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Unknown								Data waiving

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Unknown			category 2					Literature study

Conclusion

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

PUR PRO

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 414	500 mg/kg bw/day	21 day(s)	Rabbit	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 414	500 mg/kg bw/day	21 day(s)	Rabbit	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Oral (diet))	LOAEL	OECD 416	99 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male / female)	Weight changes	Female reproductive organ	Experimental value

Conclusion

Not classified for reprotoxic or developmental toxicity

Toxicity other effects

PUR PRO

No (test)data on the mixture available

Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

PUR PRO

Feeling of weakness. Itching. Skin rash/inflammation. May cause spots on the skin. Dry skin. Coughing. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Respiratory difficulties.

11.2. Information on other hazards

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties

Reason for revision: 2.2, 15

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BIG number: 46300

9 / 17

PUR PRO

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

PUR PRO

No (test) data on the mixture available

Judgement of the mixture is based on the relevant ingredients

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	Other	56.2 mg/l	96 h	Brachydanio rerio	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50		131 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Locomotor effect
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	ErC50	OECD 201	82 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Long-term toxicity fish								Data waiving
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC	OECD 202	32 mg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	EC50	ISO 8192	784 mg/l	3 h	Activated sludge	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity other aquatic organisms	LC50		> 1000 mg/l	96 h				Literature study
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	EC50	OECD 209	> 100 mg/l		Activated sludge			Literature study

Conclusion

Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

12.2. Persistence and degradability

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301E	14 %; GLP	28 day(s)	Experimental value

Phototransformation air (DT50 air)

Method	Value	Conc. OH-radicals	Value determination
AOPWIN v1.92	8.6 h	500000 /cm ³	Calculated value

Half-life water (t1/2 water)

Method	Value	Primary degradation/mineralisation	Value determination
EU Method C.7	> 1 year(s)	Primary degradation	Experimental value

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 302C	< 60 %		Experimental value

Conclusion

Water

Contains non readily biodegradable component(s)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

PUR PRO

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (mixture)			

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF	OECD 305	0.8 - 14; Fresh	6 week(s)	Cyprinus carpio	Experimental value

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
EU Method A.8		2.68	30 °C	Experimental value

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10 / 17

PUR PRO

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		1		Pisces	Literature study

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

Conclusion

Does not contain bioaccumulative component(s)

12.4. Mobility in soil

reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

(log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc	EU Method C.19	2.76	Experimental value

Percent distribution

Method	Fraction air	Fraction biota	Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination
Mackay level I	0.01 %	0 %	3.55 %	3.52 %	92.89 %	Read-across

Conclusion

Contains component(s) that adsorb(s) into the soil

Contains component(s) with potential for mobility in the soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain component(s) that meet(s) the criteria of PBT and/or vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties

12.7. Other adverse effects

PUR PRO

Greenhouse gases

None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Greenhouse gases

None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

European Union

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.

Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).

08 05 01* (wastes not otherwise specified in 08: waste isocyanates).

16 05 04* (gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals: gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

13.1.2 Disposal methods

Specific treatment. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Dispose of at authorized waste collection point.

13.1.3 Packaging/Container

European Union

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

SECTION 14: Transport information

Road (ADR)

14.1. UN number

UN number	1950
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14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	aerosols
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11 / 17

PUR PRO

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Hazard identification number	
Class	2
Classification code	5F

14.4. Packing group

Packing group	
Labels	2.1

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
--	----

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special provisions	190
Special provisions	327
Special provisions	344
Special provisions	625
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

Rail (RID)

14.1. UN number

UN number	1950
-----------	------

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	aerosols
----------------------	----------

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Hazard identification number	23
Class	2
Classification code	5F

14.4. Packing group

Packing group	
Labels	2.1

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
--	----

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special provisions	190
Special provisions	327
Special provisions	344
Special provisions	625
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

Inland waterways (ADN)

14.1. UN number

UN number	1950
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14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	aerosols
----------------------	----------

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class	2
Classification code	5F

14.4. Packing group

Packing group	
Labels	2.1

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
--	----

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special provisions	190
Special provisions	327
Special provisions	344
Special provisions	625
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

Sea (IMDG/IMSBC)

14.1. UN number

UN number	1950
-----------	------

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	aerosols
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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class	2.1
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14.4. Packing group

Packing group	
Labels	2.1

14.5. Environmental hazards

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BIG number: 46300

12 / 17

PUR PRO

Marine pollutant	-
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	190
Special provisions	277
Special provisions	327
Special provisions	344
Special provisions	381
Special provisions	63
Special provisions	959
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable

Air (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number	
UN number	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	aerosols, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.1
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	A145
Special provisions	A167
Special provisions	A802
Passenger and cargo transport	
Limited quantities: maximum net quantity per packaging	30 kg G

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European legislation:

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content	Remark
< 20.76 %	
< 217.46 g/l	

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Threshold values under normal circumstances

Substance or category	Low tier (tonnes)	Top tier (tonnes)	Group	For this substance or mixture the summation rule has to be applied for:
P3b FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS	5000 (net)	50000 (net)	None	Flammability

REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

	Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
· reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester · polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	Liquid substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F; (b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10; (c) hazard class 4.1; (d) hazard class 5.1.	1. Shall not be used in: — ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays, — tricks and jokes, — games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market. 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they: — can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and, — present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304, 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:

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Date of revision: 2022-01-27

Revision number: 0101

BIG number: 46300

13 / 17

PUR PRO

		a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: “Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children”; and, by 1 December 2010, “Just a sip of lamp oil — or even sucking the wick of lamps — may lead to life- threatening lung damage”; b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: “Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage”; c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.
· polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) including the following specific isomers: 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; 2,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; 2,2'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	1. Shall not be placed on the market after 27 December 2010, as a constituent of mixtures in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of MDI for supply to the general public, unless suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging: (a) contains protective gloves which comply with the requirements of Council Directive 89/686/EEC; (b) is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows, and without prejudice to other Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures: — Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product. — Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product. — This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used. 2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1(a) shall not apply to hot melt adhesives.
· polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	Diisocyanates, $O = C=N-R-N = C=O$, with R an aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbon unit of unspecified length	1. Shall not be used as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 August 2023, unless: (a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the employer or self-employed ensures that industrial or professional user(s) have successfully completed training on the safe use of diisocyanates prior to the use of the substance(s) or mixture(s). 2. Shall not be placed on the market as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 February 2022, unless: (a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the supplier ensures that the recipient of the substance(s) or mixture(s) is provided with information on the requirements referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 and the following statement is placed on the packaging, in a manner that is visibly distinct from the rest of the label information: “As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use”. 3. For the purpose of this entry “industrial and professional user(s)” means any worker or self-employed worker handling diisocyanates on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) or supervising these tasks. 4. The training referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 shall include the instructions for the control of dermal and inhalation exposure to diisocyanates at the workplace without prejudice to any national occupational exposure limit value or other appropriate risk management measures at national level. Such training shall be conducted by an expert on occupational safety and health with competence acquired by relevant vocational training. That training shall cover as a minimum: (a) the training elements in point (a) of paragraph 5 for all industrial and professional use(s). (b) the training elements in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 5 for the following uses: — handling open mixtures at ambient temperature (including foam tunnels); — spraying in a ventilated booth; — application by roller; — application by brush; — application by dipping and pouring; — mechanical post treatment (e.g. cutting) of not fully cured articles which are not warm anymore; — cleaning and waste; — any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route; (c) the training elements in points (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 5 for the following uses: — handling incompletely cured articles (e.g. freshly cured, still warm); — foundry applications; — maintenance and repair that needs access to equipment; — open handling of warm or hot formulations ($> 45^{\circ}C$); — spraying in open air, with limited or only natural ventilation (includes large industry working halls) and spraying with high energy (e.g. foams, elastomers); — and any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route. 5. Training elements: (a) general training, including on-line training, on: — chemistry of diisocyanates; — toxicity hazards (including acute toxicity); — exposure to diisocyanates; — occupational exposure limit values; — how sensitisation can develop; — odour as indication of hazard; — importance of volatility for risk; — viscosity, temperature, and molecular weight of diisocyanates; — personal hygiene; — personal protective equipment needed, including practical instructions for its correct use and its limitations;

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Date of revision: 2022-01-27

Revision number: 0101

BIG number: 46300

14 / 17

PUR PRO

— risk of dermal contact and inhalation exposure;
 — risk in relation to application process used;
 — skin and inhalation protection scheme;
 — ventilation;
 — cleaning, leakages, maintenance;
 — discarding empty packaging;
 — protection of bystanders;
 — identification of critical handling stages;
 — specific national code systems (if applicable);
 — behaviour-based safety;
 — certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
 (b) intermediate level training, including on-line training, on:
 — additional behaviour-based aspects;
 — maintenance;
 — management of change;
 — evaluation of existing safety instructions;
 — risk in relation to application process used;
 — certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
 (c) advanced training, including on-line training, on:
 — any additional certification needed for the specific uses covered;
 — spraying outside a spraying booth;
 — open handling of hot or warm formulations (> 45 °C);
 — certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
 6. The training shall comply with the provisions set by the Member State in which the industrial or professional user(s) operate. Member States may implement or continue to apply their own national requirements for the use of the substance(s) or mixture(s), as long as the minimum requirements set out in paragraphs 4 and 5 are met.
 7. The supplier referred to in point (b) of paragraph 2 shall ensure that the recipient is provided with training material and courses pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 5 in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the substance(s) or mixture(s) are supplied. The training shall take into consideration the specificity of the products supplied, including composition, packaging, and design.
 8. The employer or self-employed shall document the successful completion of the training referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5. The training shall be renewed at least every five years.
 9. Member States shall include in their reports pursuant to Article 117(1) the following information:
 (a) any established training requirements and other risk management measures related to the industrial and professional uses of diisocyanates foreseen in national law;
 (b) the number of cases of reported and recognised occupational asthma and occupational respiratory and dermal diseases in relation to diisocyanates;
 (c) national exposure limits for diisocyanates, if there are any;
 (d) information about enforcement activities related to this restriction.
 10. This restriction shall apply without prejudice to other Union legislation on the protection of safety and health of workers at the workplace.

National legislation Belgium

PUR PRO

No data available

National legislation The Netherlands

PUR PRO

Waterbezwaarlijkheid	A (3); Algemene Beoordelingsmethodiek (ABM)
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National legislation France

PUR PRO

No data available

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Catégorie cancérigène	4,4'-Diisocyanate de diphenylmethane; C2
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National legislation Germany

PUR PRO

Lagerklasse (TRGS510)	2B: Aerosolpackungen und Feuerzeuge
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WGK	1; Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV) - 18. April 2017
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reaction mass of tris(2-chloropropyl) phosphate and tris(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate and phosphoric acid, bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl) 2-chloropropyl ester and phosphoric acid, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl bis(2-chloropropyl) ester

TA-Luft	5.2.5
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PUR PRO

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

TA-Luft	5.2.5/I
TRGS900 - Risiko der Fruchtschädigung	4,4'-Methyldiphenyldiisocyanat; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden pMDI (als MDI berechnet); Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden
Sensibilisierende Stoffe	4,4'-Methyldiphenyldiisocyanat; Sh; Hautsensibilisierende Stoffe
TRGS905 - Krebserzeugend	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); 2
TRGS905 - Erbgutverändernd	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -
TRGS905 - Fruchtbarkeitsgefährdend	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -
TRGS905 - Fruchtschädigend	Techn. ("Polymeres") MDI (pMDI) (in Form atembarer Aerosole, A-Fraktion); -
Hautresorptive Stoffe	4,4'-Methyldiphenyldiisocyanat; H; Hautresorptiv pMDI (als MDI berechnet); H; Hautresorptiv

National legislation Austria

PUR PRO

No data available

National legislation United Kingdom

PUR PRO

No data available

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

Skin Sensitisation	Isocyanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocyanate; Sen
Respiratory sensitisation	Isocyanates, all (as -NCO) Except methyl isocyanate; Sen

Other relevant data

PUR PRO

No data available

polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate

IARC - classification	3; Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate
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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been conducted for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of any H- and EUH-statements referred to under section 3:

- H220 Extremely flammable gas.
- H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
- H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
- H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(*)	INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG
ADI	Acceptable daily intake
AOEL	Acceptable operator exposure level
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP (EU-GHS)	Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
EC50	Effect Concentration 50 %
EC50	EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50 %
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
STP	Sludge Treatment Process
vPvB	very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

The information in this safety data sheet is based on data and samples provided to BIG. The sheet was written to the best of our ability and according to the state of knowledge at that time. The safety data sheet only constitutes a guideline for the safe handling, use, consumption,

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Revision number: 0101

BIG number: 46300

16 / 17

PUR PRO

storage, transport and disposal of the substances/preparations/mixtures mentioned under point 1. New safety data sheets are written from time to time. Only the most recent versions may be used. Unless indicated otherwise word for word on the safety data sheet, the information does not apply to substances/preparations/mixtures in purer form, mixed with other substances or in processes. The safety data sheet offers no quality specification for the substances/preparations/mixtures in question. Compliance with the instructions in this safety data sheet does not release the user from the obligation to take all measures dictated by common sense, regulations and recommendations or which are necessary and/or useful based on the real applicable circumstances. BIG does not guarantee the accuracy or exhaustiveness of the information provided and cannot be held liable for any changes by third parties. This safety data sheet is only to be used within the European Union, Switzerland, Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein. Any use outside of this area is at your own risk. Use of this safety data sheet is subject to the licence and liability limiting conditions as stated in your BIG licence agreement or when this is failing the general conditions of BIG. All intellectual property rights to this sheet are the property of BIG and its distribution and reproduction are limited. Consult the mentioned agreement/conditions for details.